Appl. No. : 09/833,030 Filed : April 10, 2001

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1. (Canceled)

- 2. (Currently amended) A method for making microarrays comprising the steps:
- a) subjecting the <u>a</u> surface of a solid support to an oxidation of olefinic groups present on said surface <u>in an aqueous solution selected from the group consisting of an aqueous permanganate solution, an aqueous periodate solution, and an aqueous <u>permanganate and periodate solution</u> in order to allow the formation of aldehyde functions upon the surface of said solid support <u>as an end product of said oxidation</u>; and</u>
- b) covalently binding upon said aldehyde functions capture molecules-DNA nucleotide sequences designed for the detection, the identification, the quantification and/or the recovery of complementary target biological or chemical molecules of interest; said covalent binding resulting in an array comprising a density of at least 4 or more discrete regions/cm² of solid support surface, each of said discrete surface regions being bound with a species of said capture-molecules DNA nucleotide sequences and wherein at least 220 fmole of DNA molecules/cm² are fixed to the surface of said solid support.
- 3. (Canceled)
- 4. (Canceled)
- 5. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 2, wherein the solid support surface has been previously modified by the addition of olefinic groups upon said surface.
- 6. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 2, wherein the solid support surface is made of a glass layer.
- 7. (Original) The method according to claim 6, wherein the surface of the glass layer is modified by the addition of olefinic silane.
 - 8. (Canceled)
 - 9. (Canceled)
- 10. (Currently amended) The method according to claim § 2, wherein the capture molecules are chemical molecules DNA nucleotide sequences are able to bind specific target chemical molecules obtained by combinatorial chemistry.

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- 11. (Withdrawn) A microarray having at least one surface bearing olefinic groups able to form, following oxidation, aldehyde functions suitable for a binding of captured molecules designed for a binding detection, the identification, the quantification and/or the recovery of complementary target biological or chemical molecules of interest; said covalent binding resulting in an array comprising a density of at least 4 discrete regions/cm² of solid support surface, each of said discrete surface regions being bound with a species of capture molecules.
- 12. (Withdrawn) A method for making microarrays according to claim 11 comprising the steps:
 - a) subjecting the surface of a solid support to an oxidation of chemical groups present on said surface in order to allow the formation of aldehyde functions upon the surface of said solid support; and
 - b) covalently binding upon said aldehyde functions capture molecules designed for the detection, the identification, the quantification and/or the recovery of complementary target biological or chemical molecules of interest; said covalent binding resulting in an array comprising a density of at least 4 or more discrete regions/cm² of solid support surface, each of said discrete surface regions being bound with a species of capture molecules.
- 13. (Currently Amended) The method of Claim 12, wherein step (b) is performed by an arrayer.